

# **Operating Instruction**



Universal power amplifier for proportional valves

Series EVM-UIH-2600...

Issue: 08.2021 1/21



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Published by

Issue: 08.2021

Bucher Hydraulics AG Frutigen Schwandistrasse 25 CH-3714 Frutigen

Phone +41 33 672 61 11

Email info.ch@bucherhydraulics.com Internet www.bucherhydraulics.com

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Reference: 400-B-900006-EN-00



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- 1 General Information
- 1.1 Order number

**EVM-UIH-2600-2-30D-A1** - Universal power amplifier for proportional valves

## 1.2 Alternative products

**EVM-UIS-2600-2-30D-A1** - Universal power amplifier with USB-Interface for proportional valves

**EVM-ETC-2600-2-30D-A1** - Universal power amplifier with EtherCAT-Interface for proportional valves

## 1.3 Scope of supply

The scope of supply includes the module plus the terminal blocks which are a part of the housing. The Profibus plug, interface cables and further parts which may be required should be ordered separately. This documentation can be downloaded as a PDF file from <a href="https://www.bucherhydraulics.com">www.bucherhydraulics.com</a>.

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### 1.4 Safety instructions

Please read this document and the safety instructions carefully. This document will help to define the product area of application and to put it into operation. Additional documents and knowledge of the application should be taken into account or be available. General regulations and laws (depending on the country: e. g. accident prevention and environmental protection) must be complied with.



These modules are designed for hydraulic applications in open or closed loop control circuits. Uncontrolled movements can be caused by device defects (in the hydraulic module or the components), application errors and electrical faults. Work on the drive or the electronics must only be carried out whilst the equipment is switched off and not under pressure.



This handbook describes the functions and the electrical connections for this electronic assembly. All technical documents which pertain to the system must be complied with when commissioning.



This device may only be connected and put into operation by trained specialist staff. The instruction manual must be read with care. The installation instructions and the commissioning instructions must be followed. Guarantee and liability claims are invalid if the instructions are not complied with and/or in case of incorrect installation or inappropriate use.



All electronic modules are manufactured to a high quality. Malfunctions due to the failure of components cannot, however, be excluded. Despite extensive testing the same also applies for the software. If these devices are deployed in safety-relevant applications, suitable external measures must be taken to guarantee the necessary safety. The same applies for faults which affect safety. No liability can be assumed for possible damage.

#### Further instructions



- The module may only be operated in compliance with the national EMC regulations. It is the user's responsibility to adhere to these regulations.
- The device is only intended for use in the commercial sector.
- When not in use the module must be protected from the effects of the weather, contamination and mechanical damage.
- The module may not be used in an explosive environment.
- To ensure adequate cooling the ventilation slots must not be covered.
- The device must be disposed of in accordance with national statutory provisions.

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## 2 Characteristics

This module is used for the control of proportional valves with one or two solenoids. Various adjustable parameters enable an optimized adaptation to the respective valve. This power amplifier is inexpensive and a space-saving solution.

The amplifier is controlled by voltage input or current input signals. The output current is closed loop controlled and therefore independent from the supply voltage and the solenoid resistance.

Several potentiometers and DIP switches allow the adaption to valves of the various producers.

Typical applications: Current controlled excitation of directional-, throttle- or pressurevalves.

### 2.1 Features

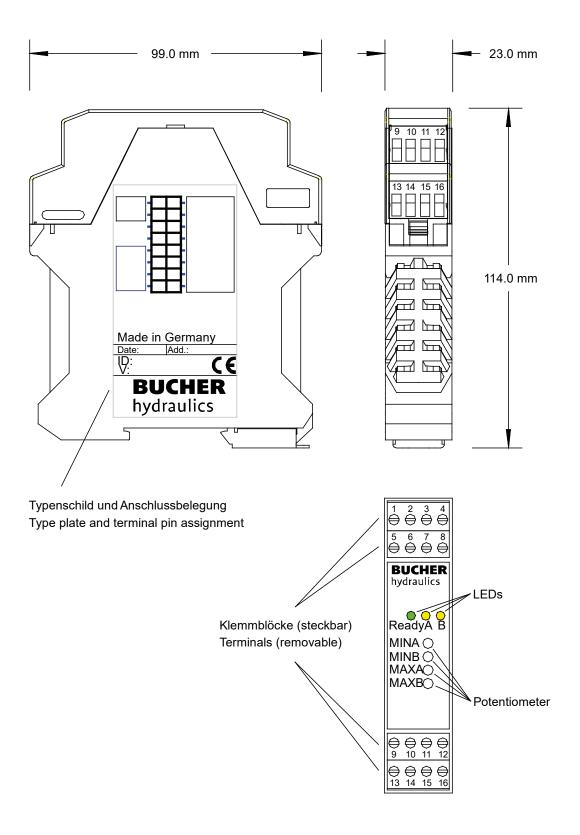
- Power amplifier for proportional directional valves
- Various voltage and current command signals
- Compact housing
- Adjustment via potentiometer
- MIN-, MAX-, RAMP- and PWM-frequency adjustment via potentiometer
- Current range up to 2.6 A

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# 2.2 Device description



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## 3 Use and application

### 3.1 Installation instructions

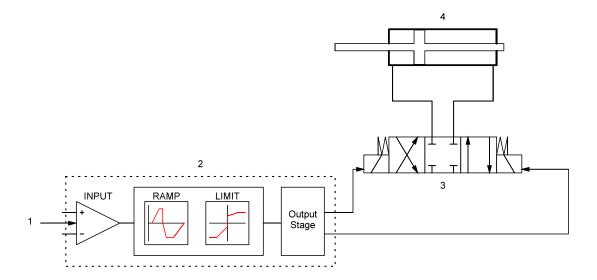
- This module is designed for installation in a shielded EMC housing (control cabinet). All
  cables which lead outside must be screened; complete screening is required. It is also a
  requirement that no strong electro-magnetic interference sources are installed nearby
  when using our open and closed loop control modules.
- Typical installation location: 24 V control signal area (close to PLC)
   The devices must be arranged in the control cabinet so that the power section and the signal section are separate from each other.

   Experience shows that the installation space close to the PLC (24 V area) is most suitable. All digital and analogue inputs and outputs are fitted with filters and surge protection in the device.
- The module should be installed and wired in accordance with the documentation bearing in mind EMC principles. If other consumers are operated with the same power supply, a star-connected ground wiring scheme is recommended. The following points must be observed when wiring:
  - The signal cables must be laid separately from power cables.
  - Analogue signal cables must be shielded.
  - All other cables must be screened if there are powerful interference sources (frequency converters, power contactors) and cable lengths > 3 m.
     Inexpensive SMD ferrites can be used with high-frequency radiation.
  - The screening should be connected to PE (PE terminal) as close to the
    module as possible. The local requirements for screening must be taken into
    account in all cases. The screening should be connected to at both ends.
    Equipotential bonding must be provided where there are differences between
    the connected electrical components.
  - With longer lengths of cable (>10 m) the diameters and screening measures should be checked by specialists (e. g. for possible interference, noise sources and voltage drop).
- A low-resistance connection between PE and the mounting rail should be provided.
   Transient interference is transmitted from the module directly to the mounting rail and from there to the local earth.
- Power should be supplied by a regulated power supply unit (typically a PELV system complying with IEC364-4-4, secure low voltage). The low internal resistance of regulated power supplies gives better interference voltage dissipation, which improves the signal quality of high-resolution sensors in particular. Switched inductances (relays and valve coils) connected to the same power supply must <u>always</u> be provided with appropriate overvoltage protection directly at the coil.

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#### 3.2 Typical system structure



This minimal system consists of the following components:

- 1. interface to PLC with analogue and digital signals
- 2. power amplifier PAM-193
- 3. proportional valve
- 4. hydraulic cylinder

#### 3.3 Method of operation

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This power amplifier will be controlled via an analogue signal (from the SPS, from a joystick or a potentiometer). An ENABLE signal (24 V typical) activates the function and the READY output indicates the active module, if no internal or external error was detected. The integrated standard functions will be configured via different potentiometers. In case of a fault the power output stage will be deactivated and the fault will be indicated via deactivating the READY output and the flashing READY LED. Solenoid errors have to be cleared by resetting ENABLE. The output current is controlled whereby a high accuracy and a good dynamic will be obtained. All customary proportional valves (up to 2.6 A) could be controlled with this power amplifier.

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# 3.4 Commissioning

Step	Task
Installation	Install the device in accordance with the circuit diagram. Ensure it is wired correctly and that the signals are well shielded. The device must be installed in a protective housing (control cabinet or similar).
Switching on for the first time	Ensure that no unwanted movement is possible in the drive (e.g. switch off the hydraulics). Connect an ammeter and check the current consumed by the device. If it is higher than specified, there is an error in the wiring. Switch the device off immediately and check the wiring.
Due is a superior at a signature.	Now set up your application specific parameters (with reference to chaper 5.1)
Pre-parameterization	This pre parametrization is necessary to prevent uncontrolled movements of the system
Control signal	Check the control signal with a voltmeter. The control signal (the current of the solenoid is within the range of 0 2.6 A). In the actual status it should show approximately 0 A.
Switching on the hydraulics	The hydraulics can now be switched on. The module is not yet generating a signal. Drives should be at a standstill or drift slightly (leave its position at a slow speed).
Activating ENABLE	The hydraulic axis can be moved over the analogue input value.
	Drives can now leave their position and move to an end position at full speed. Take safety measures to prevent personal injury and damage.
Optimize settings	Now optimize the remaining parameters (MIN function and RAMP time) according to your application and your requirements.

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# 4 Technical description

# 4.1 Input and output signals

Connection	Supply			
PIN 7 Power supply (see technical data)				
PIN 8	0 V (GND) Power supply (ground).			
Connection	Analogue signals			
PIN 9 / 10	Command signal (differtial input), range +/-100 % corresponds with +/-10 V or 4 20 mA.			
PIN 11	0 V (GND) for the signal inputs (identical with PIN 8).			
PIN 12	Reference output voltage (8 V)			
PIN 13	Input resistor (390 Ohm) used for 4 20 mA. PIN 13 have to be connected with PIN 9.			
Connection	PWM outputs			
PIN 3 / 4	Solenoid A			
PIN 1 / 2	Solenoid B			
Connection	Digital inputs and outputs			
PIN 14 or	ENABLE Input:			
PIN 15	Initializes the application and activates the power stage.			
	READY output:			
PIN 5	ON: No internal or external errors are detected			
	<b>OFF:</b> ENABLE is deactivated or an error was detected.			

# 4.2 LED definitions

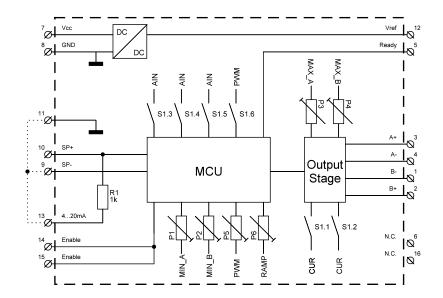
LEDs	Description of the LED function			
	Identical to the	to the READY output.		
GREEN	OFF:	No power supply or ENABLE is not activated		
GREEN	ON:	System is ready for operation		
	Flashing:	Error detected.		
YELLOW A / B	ON:	Related solenoid is activated.		
TELLOW A / B	OFF:	Solenoid not active.		

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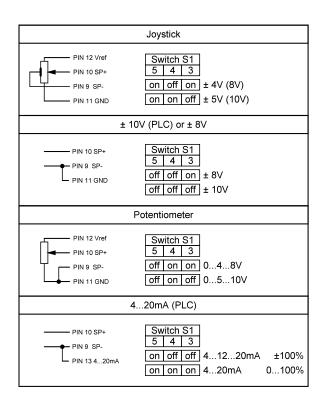
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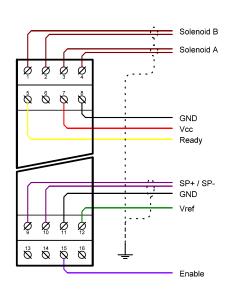


## 4.3 Block diagram



## 4.4 Typical wiring







Caution: if using 4... 20 mA command signal PIN 9 has to be connected to PIN 13

For unipolar voltage signal PIN 9 has to be connected to PIN 11.

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# 4.5 Technical data

Supply voltage (Ub)	[VDC]	12 30 (incl. ripple)
Current consumption (w/o	[mA]	< 30
solenoid)		
External fuse	[A]	3 medium time lag
Reference output		
Voltage	[V]	8
Max. load	[mA]	10
Digital inputs		
OFF	[V]	< 2
ON	[V]	> 10
Input resistance	[kOhm]	25
Digital outputs		
OFF	[V]	< 2
ON	[V]	max. Ub
Max. output current	[mA]	50
Analog inputs:		Unipolar / differential
Voltage	[V]	0+10 / -10+10
Input resistance	[kOhm]	min. 90
Signal resolution	[%]	0.1
Current	[mA]	+4+20
Burden	[Ohm]	390
Signal resolution	[%]	0.135
PWM output		Wire break and short circuit monitored
Max. output current	[A]	2.6
Frequency	[Hz]	80 340 or 2000
Sample times		
Solenoid current control	[µs]	167
Signal processing	[ms]	1
Housing		Snap-on module acc. EN 50022
Material	-	PA 6.6 polyamide
Color	_	black
Flammability class	-	V0 (UL94)
Weight	[g]	170
Protection class	[IP]	20
Temperature range	[°C]	-20 +60
Storage temperature	[°C]	-20+70
Humidity	[%]	<95 (not condensing)

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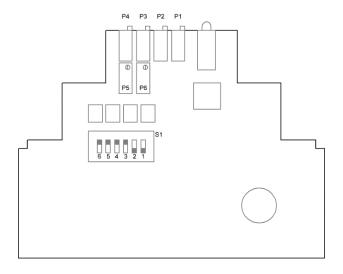
Connections	
Plug connectors	4pol. screw terminals
PE	direct via DIN rail
FNAC	EN 61000-6-2: 8/2005
EMC	EN 61000-6-4: 6/2007 + A1:2011

#### 5 **Parameters**

#### 5.1 Parameter list

Parameter	arameter Default Unit		Description	
AIN	+/- 10	V	Selecting the analogue input signal.	
RAMP	100	ms	Ramp time for the setpoint.	
MIN:A	0	%	Companyation of the dead hand	
MIN:B	0	%	Compensation of the dead band.	
MAX:A	100	%	Cooling of the gurrent output	
MAX:B	100	%	Scaling of the current output.	
CURRENT	0	-	Output current range: 0 = 1.2 A / 2 = 2,6 A	
DITHER	60	Hz	Dither function.	
DAMPL	0	%	Dither amplitude.	
PWM	340	Hz	PWM frequency	

### Positions of the potentiometers and the DIP switches 5.2



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# 5.3 Parameter description

## 5.3.1 AIN (Analog input scaling)

S1.3	S1.4	S1.5	Input signal	
OFF	OFF	OFF	± 10 V for ± 100%	
ON	OFF	OFF	± 8 V for ± 100%	
OFF	ON	OFF	0 5 10 V for -100% 0 100%	
ON	ON	OFF	0 4 8 V for -100% 0 100%	
OFF	OFF	ON	4 12 20 mA for -100% 0 100%	
ON	OFF	ON	± 4 V for ± 100%	
OFF	ON	ON	± 5 V for ± 100%	
ON	ON	ON	4 20 mA for 0 100%	

The kind of command signal is selected by the different combinations of the DIL switches.

## 5.3.2 RAMP (Ramp function)

Parameter	Potentiometer	Range	Unit
Setpoint ramp	P6	100 15000	ms

Turning clockwise will effect longer time for taking over a new command value.

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### 5.3.3 MIN (Dead band compensation) / MAX (output scaling)

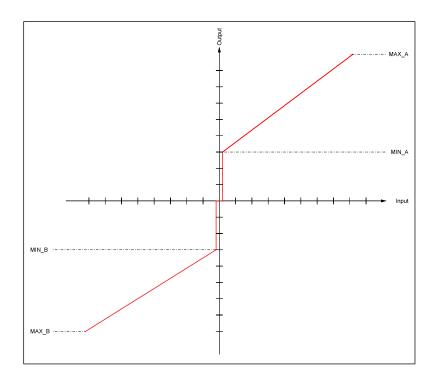
Parameter	Potentiometer	Range	Unit
MIN:A	P1	0 60	%
MIN:B	P2	0 60	%
MAX:A	P3	40 100	%
MAX:B	P4	40 100	%

The output signal to the valve is adjusted by these parameters.

With the MAX value the output signal (the maximum valve current) will be defined.

With the MIN value the overlap (dead band of the valve) will be compensated. Because of the fact, that the MAX settings influence the MIN value, the MAX should be set first before adjusting the MIN.

The percentage values depend on the nominal current range for MAX respective for MIN on the with MAX adjusted solenoid current.





If the MIN value is set too high, it influences the minimal output current, which cannot be adjusted any longer.

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## 5.3.4 CURRENT (Current range switch)

Range	Range S1.1 S1.2		Nominal (maximum) current	Unit
0	OFF	OFF	1	Α
1	ON	ON	2,6	А

The nominal current range is set by these DIL switches. The DITHER and also the MIN/MAX parameter always refer to the selected current range.

### 5.3.5 DITHER (Dither function), DAMPL (Dither amplitude), PWM (PWM frequency)

The amplifier can be used with a PWM output current in a frequency range of 80 Hz to 340 Hz, or with a fix value of 2000 Hz. If 2000 Hz are chosen, an additional Dither signal with 60 Hz can be modulated on it.

DIL S1.6 P5		PWM-Frequency	Ditherfrequency	Ditheramplitude
ON	Dither amplitude	2000 Hz	60 Hz	0 20 %
OFF	PWM frequency	80 340 Hz	Not active	Not active

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#### 6 Systemoptimization

#### 6.1 Procedure

Due to the design these valves have relatively great tolerances in comparison to the electronics. The adjustment can vary from valve to valve.

Maximum current adjustment (P3 and P4). The maximum output current MAX:

can be set from about 40% to 100% of the rated current range.

Zero- / deadband adjustment (P1 and P2). The MIN-adjustment should be carried out after the MAX-adjustment. The presetting is 0 (fully counter-clockwise). According to valve adjustments approx. 0 % to 60

MIN: % of the rated current are necessary.

> Preset a small input signal of nearly 3 % to 5 %. Increase the MIN value (clockwise) continuously until the drive moves. From there you reduce the value (counter-clockwise) until the drive comes to standstill again.

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By changing the MAX-adjustment, the MIN-adjustment changes as well.

The ramp time is preset on roughly 50 ms (P6, smallest value, fully anti-RAMP: clockwise). It will be prolonged by (clockwise) up to approx. 15 s. All

ramp times are identical.

Long ramp times and simultaneously short cycle times (cycle time < ramp time) can result in a hardly understandable behavior because all movements are carried out strongly delayed.

With the adjustment of PWM / DITHER the valve hysteresis can be **PWM / DITHER** 

reduced clearly

The PWM frequency (S1.6 = OFF) can be chosen within the range of 80... 340 Hz. For many valves PWM frequency adjustment is the best **PWM Frequecy** 

way trying to reduce the hysteresis.

The dither amplitude (S1.6 = ON) can be adjusted between 0... 20 %. If DITHER this mode is activated the PWM frequency is about 2000 Hz and the **Amplitude** DITHER frequency nearly 60 Hz.

Please refer to the valve data specifications for the best setting.

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### 6.2 General behavior

### **Einschalten**

After switching on the input signal (4... 20 mA) is checked and the system gets activated. When ENABLE is active (ENABLE directly connected with the supply voltage) the current is activated by an internally defined ramp (smooth starting) in order to drive onto the demand value with the pre-set ramp time.

If an error is detected the module changes over into error status.

### **ENABLE**

By this switching-input the internal signal processing and the power stage are enabled. While activating the input the valve current will be driven up the pre-set ramp. In case of deactivating the current is switched off immediately. PIN 5 monitors the state of readiness.



The ENABLE input is not suitable for shutting off the power stage in security relevant systems.

Green LED ON = ready for operation.

### **LEDs**

 Green LED flashes if command signal is lower than 2mA (4... 20mA mode) and in case of detected cable break to the solenoid. The output current is switched off immediately.

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# 7 Appendix

# 7.1 Failure monitoring

Following possible error sources are monitored continuously:

Source	Fault	Characteristic
Command signal PIN 9 / 10	Out of range	The power stage is
420 mA mode		deactivated.
Solenoid A PIN 3 / 4	Broken wire	The power stage is
Solenoid B PIN 1 / 2	Blokell wife	deactivated.

#### 7.2 Troubleshooting

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FAULT	CAUSE / SOLUTION	
ENABLE is active, the module does not respond, and the READY LED is off.	Probably the power supply is disconnected or the ENABLE signal is not present.	
ENABLE is active, the READY LED is flashing.	The flashing READY LED indicates that a fault is detected by the module. The fault could be:  No signal at the input, if 4 20 mA signal is chosen A broken cable or incorrect wiring to the solenoids.	

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# 8 History

Revision	Date	Short mark	Comment
00	18.08.2021	FT / MAK	Initial version

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